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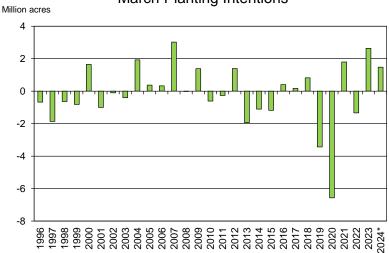
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Market Situation

Acreage and Grain Stocks. The Acreage report released today raised corn planted acres from 90.0 million to 91.5 million. This increase, with % harvested and yield unchanged from the June WASDE, increases the corn supply by 244 million bushels. Leaving demand categories unchanged, estimated days of use on hand at the end of the marketing year increase by 6 to a 57.8-day supply. That is roughly the same stocks-to-use levels as the 2016 and 2018 crops.



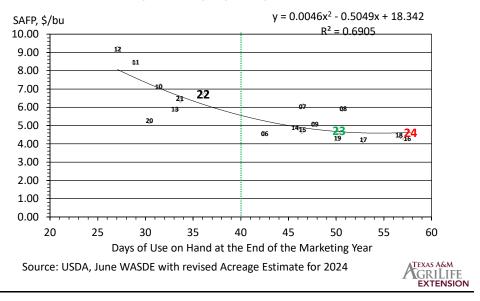


* Current estimate Source: USDA/NASS, June 28, 2024

US CO	RN SUPPLY AND USE			June			July	
			2024/25	May to	June	2024/25	June t	o July
AREA			6/12/2024	Net Δ	% ∆	6/28/2024	Net ∆	% Δ
	Planted	mil acres	90.0	0.0	0.0%	91.5	1.5	1.6%
	Harvested	mil acres	82.1	0.0	0.0%	83.4	1.3	1.6%
	% harvested		91.2%	0.0	0.0%	91.2%	0.0%	0.0%
YIELD	Harvested acre	bu/ac	181.0	0.0	0.0%	181.0	0.0	0.0%
SUPPL	Y							
	Beginning stocks	mil bu	2,022	0	0.0%	2,022	0	0.0%
	Production	mil bu	14,860	0	0.0%	15,104	244	1.6%
	Imports	mil bu	25	0	0.0%	25	0	0.0%
	Total Supply	mil bu	16,907	0	0.0%	17,151	244	1.4%
DEMAN	ND							
	Feed and residual	mil bu	5,750	0	0.0%	5,750	0	0.0%
	Food, seed, and indus	mil bu	1,405	0	0.0%	1,405	0	0.0%
	Ethanol	mil bu	5,450	0	0.0%	5,450	0	0.0%
	Total Domestic Use	mil bu	12,605	0	0.0%	12,605	0	0.0%
	Exports	mil bu	2,200	0	0.0%	2,200	0	0.0%
	Total Use	mil bu	14,805	0	0.0%	14,805	0	0.0%
	Ending stocks	mil bu	2,102	0	0.0%	2,346	244	11.6%
	Stocks to Use ratio	percent	14.20%	0.00%	0.0%	15.84%	1.65%	11.6%
	Days of use on hand		51.8	0.0	0.0%	57.8	6.0	11.6%

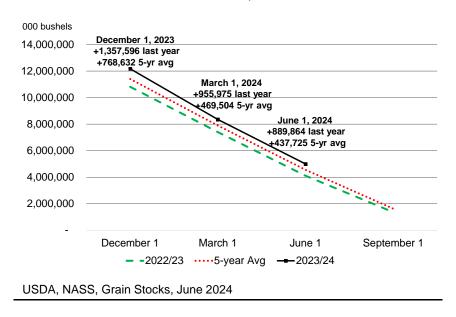


U.S. Corn Average Farm Price (real 2024\$) and U.S. Days of Use on Hand 2005/06-2023/24, 2024/25 estimate



The Grain Stocks report showed corn inventories continuing to run above last year and the most recent 5-year average. Corn in all positions on June 1 totaled 4.993 million bushels. That was higher than the average trade guess of 4.873 million bushels.

U.S. Corn Stocks, All Positions

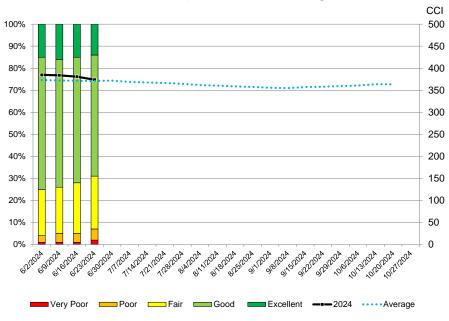


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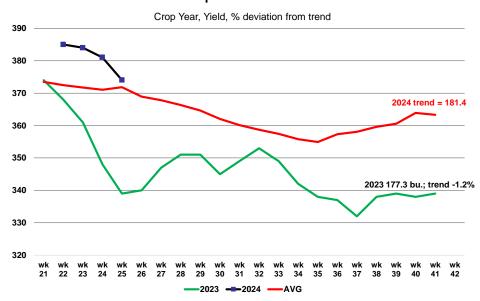
<u>Crop Progress and Condition.</u> The corn crop condition index this week of 374 is down 7 points from June 23. The share rated very poor and poor increased from 5% to 7%. Corn rated good and excellent declined from 74% to 69%. The average corn condition score for this week of the crop year is 371.

2024 U.S. Corn Crop Condition Ratings, June 23



Source: USDA Crop Progress, 6/24/2024

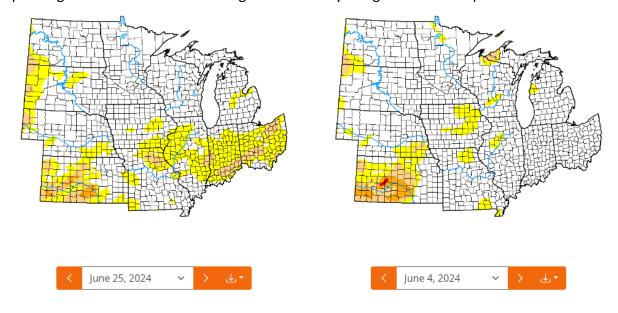
Corn Crop Condition Index



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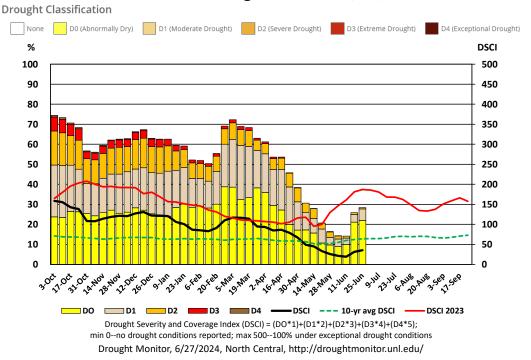


Since June 4, with over 90% of the 2024 corn crop in the ground, the drought monitor for the North Central region shows some improvement in the western Corn Belt but drier conditions expanding in the east. None of the region is currently designated as 'exceptional' or 'extreme'.



The drought severity index for June 25 is 35. That is up from 19 on June 11 and compares to 187 at this time last year and a 64-point average.

North Central Drought Monitor, 6/25/2024

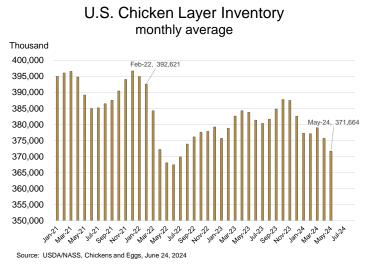


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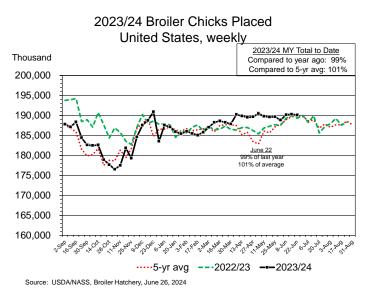


<u>Grain Use.</u> Several reports issued recently have important implications for the feed use category in feed grain supply and demand tables.

The impact on the poultry industry from the latest outbreak of avian influenza (HPAI) can be seen in the U.S. chicken layer inventory. USDA identifies the start of this outbreak as February 2022. Since that time, the monthly average of layers is down about 5%, from 393 million to 372 million.



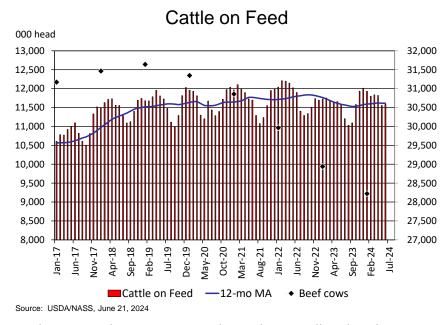
Broiler chick placements have been strong the last few months, consistently around 190 million. This compensates for lower placement levels relative to year ago back in September and October. For the current corn marketing year, placements are 1% below 2022/2023 and 1% above the most recent 5-year average.



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Cattle on feed were up slightly on June 1, 11.583 million head compared to 11.554 million on May 1. Inventories peaked in February 2022 at 12.209 million. The 12-month average peaked in September 2022 at 11.836. It is currently 11.615 million. Cattle on feed numbers have held relatively strong despite the decline in the size of the U.S. beef cow herd. Beef cows that have calved are down 3.4 million head since January 2019, from 31.6 million to 28.2 million.



The June 1 Quarterly Hogs and Pigs Inventory showed 74.5 million head, up 165,000 head from March and up 935,000 from June a year ago. The 12-month moving average is up 70,000 this month and up 826,000 compared to June 2023.

000 head 80,000 75,000 70,000 65,000 60,000 55,000 50,000 Inventory —12-month MA

Source: Quarterly Hogs and Pigs, USDA/NASS, June 27, 2024

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Cash Feed Grain Prices, \$/bu.

	Nearby Corn	TX Corn Avg Cash		TX Corn	Corn LA Gulf
	Futures	Elevator	TX Basis	Feedlot	Export bid
May 30	4.49	5.08	0.59	5.93	4.94
June 6	4.52	5.11	0.59	5.99	4.97
June 13	4.59	5.25	0.67	6.10	5.04
June 20	4.40	5.07	0.67	5.95	4.85
June 27	4.14	4.86	0.72	5.96	4.61
10-yr average			0.42		

		TX Sorghum			Sorghum
	Nearby Corn	Avg Cash		TX Sorghum	TX Gulf
	Futures	Elevator	TX Basis	Feedlot	Export bid
May 30	4.49	4.48	-0.00	5.11	
June 6	4.52	4.51	-0.01	5.15	
June 13	4.59	4.52	-0.06	5.21	
June 20	4.40	4.34	-0.06	5.22	
June 27	4.14	4.08	-0.06	4.96	
10-yr average			-0.08		

AMS Market News: TX cash = average (North, Central, and South Panhandle), Gulf sorghum: DTN

<u>Outside Markets.</u> Updated estimates for U.S. economic growth were provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis this week. The third estimate of 1st quarter GDP showed a 0.1% increase to 1.4%. The forecast of second quarter GDP from the Atlanta Fed was also up 0.1% to 2.8%.

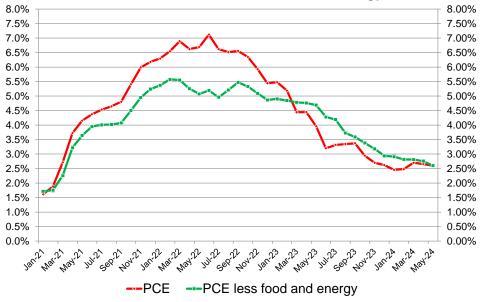
The inflation gauge preferred by the Fed in guiding monetary policy, the Personal Consumption Expenditures Index, was updated this morning by the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Month to month, the overall PCE index showed prices unchanged from April. Core PCE, excluding food and energy was +0.1%. That compares to a +0.3% change from March to April.

Year over year, inflation measured by the PCE was 2.6% in May down from 2.7% in April. Core PCE was 2.6%, down from 2.8%.

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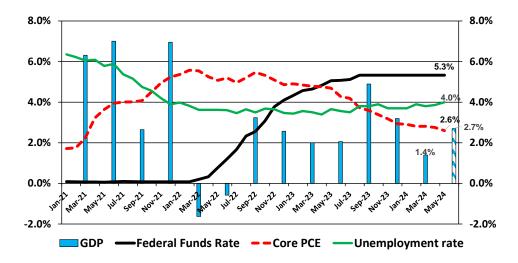


U.S. Inflation: 12-month % change PCE and PCE, less food and energy



Source: Personal Consumption Expenditures (PCE), U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, June 28, 2024

Interest Rates, Inflation, Unemployment, and Quarterly GDP



Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, https://fred.stlouisfed.org/,
Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta, GDPNow, https://www.atlantafed.org/cqer/research/gdpnow
Personal Consumption Expenditures Excluding Food and Energy, Federal Reserve Economic Data
Updated June 28, 2024

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Prices about 3:00 pm CT June 28, 2024:

	II QTR	4/1/2024	6/28/2024	net change	% change
S&P 500	SPX:IN	5,243.77	5,459.96	216.19	4.12%
10-yr T Note	Yield, %	4.33	4.32	(0.01)	-0.23%
CRB	CRY:IND	292.33	291.30	(1.03)	-0.35%
Dollar Index	September 2024	104.38	105.56	1.18	1.13%
Crude Oil	September 2024	80.26	80.58	0.32	0.40%
Copper	September 2024	4.10	4.37	0.27	6.58%
Corn	July 2024	4.49	3.97	(0.52)	-11.57%
COIII	September 2024	4.61	4.08	(0.53)	-11.56%
Soybeans	July 2024	12.00	11.51	(0.49)	-4.09%
	August 2024	11.99	11.34	(0.65)	-5.42%
SRW Wheat	July 2024	5.73	5.54	(0.19)	-3.36%
Siva valicat	September 2024	5.89	5.74	(0.15)	-2.59%

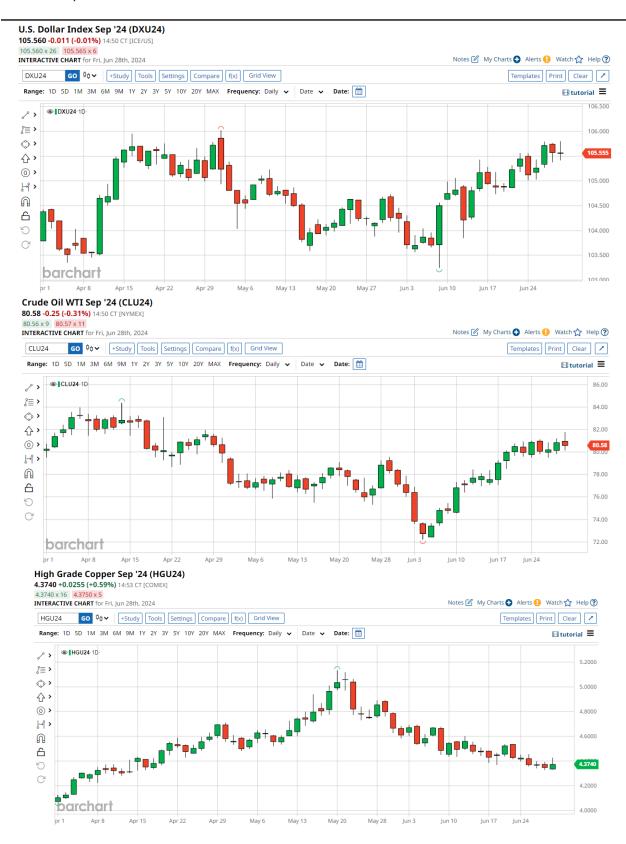
Items in the table and reasoning for inclusion:

- S&P 500 Index—a reflection of market expectations of future earnings and economic growth;
- 10-year T-note: expectations of economic growth--rising yields suggest increases in economic growth and inflation;
- CRB Index—price direction of a representative indicator of global commodities;
- US dollar Index—impact on export prospects as a strong dollar makes our products relatively more expensive in the global marketplace;
- Crude Oil and Copper—barometers positively correlated to global economic activity.

Charts, 4/1/2024-6/28/2024 (https://www.barchart.com/):

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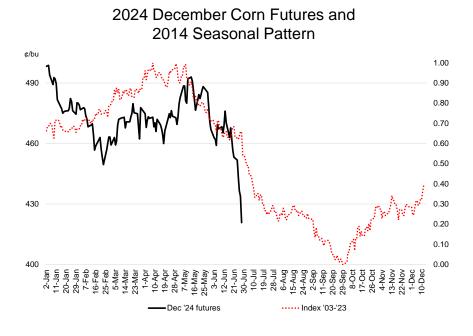
Marketing Strategies

<u>Seasonality.</u> The seasonal price pattern for the December corn contract shows the best pricing prospects in the first half of the year (peaking in June) with prices falling below average (0.50 on the index) in mid-July and then bottoming out late September/early October.

¢/bu 500 1.00 0.90 480 0.80 0.70 0.60 0.50 440 0.40 0.30 420 0.20 0.10 0.00 400

2024 December Corn Futures and 21-year Seasonal Index Pattern

In 2014, prices followed the normal seasonal pattern except prices peaked earlier, April-May. Crop ratings for corn in 2014 were consistently high. The share rated good and excellent never fell below 72%.

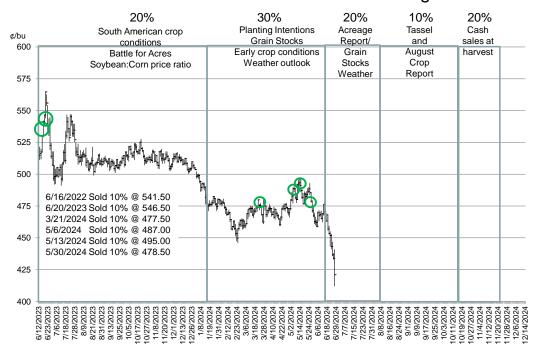


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<u>Feed Grain Marketing Plan.</u> I am 60% sold on the 2024 corn crop. My plan is to have 70% priced by mid-July. I have also priced 20% of the 2025 crop.

December Corn Futures and 2024 Marketing Plan



Upcoming Reports/Events

July 5	June Employment Situation, Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS)
July 9	Short-term Energy Outlook, Energy Information Administration
July 11	Consumer Price Index, BLS
July 12	Crop Production
	WASDE
July 19	Cattle on Feed
July 23	Chickens and Eggs
July 25	GDP, 2 nd Quarter 2024 (Advance Estimate), Bureau of Economic Analysis
July 30-31	Federal Open Market Committee, Federal Reserve

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