Impacts of Multi-Fiber Arrangement Removal on Textile & Cotton Trade

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Multi-Fiber Arrangement (MFA)

- Protect Importing Countries' Textile Sector
- Caused an increase in the textile & apparel prices in importing countries, a decrease in the prices in exporting countries and reduction in trade volume.
- Emerged into WTO's Agreement on Textile Clothing from 1995
- Removal of all MFA Quotas by Jan. 2005
- Impact on Textile/Apparel Trade & Cotton Market

Objective

Analyze and Quantify the Impact of Elimination of the Multi-Fiber Arrangement on Textile, Apparel and Cotton Market with Alternative Scenarios by Using Equilibrium Displacement Model (EDM)

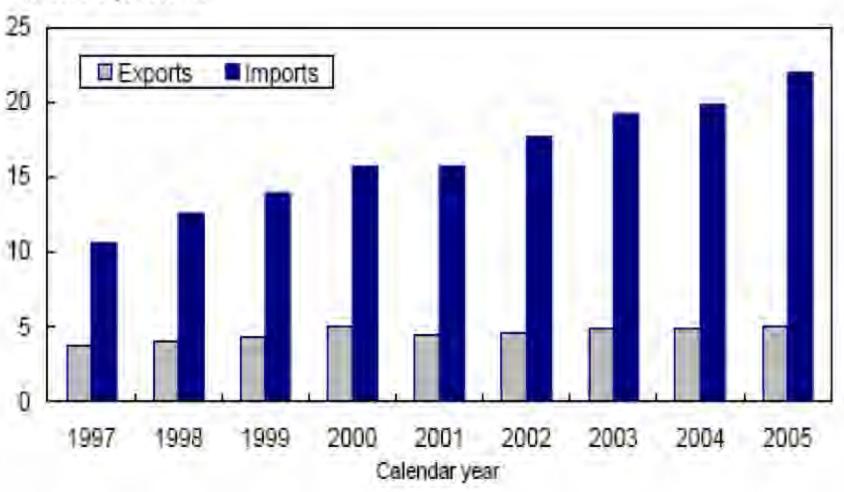
The United States

- Leading Textiles & Apparel Importer
 - 10.6% & 31.7% of world T&A Imports, 2002 (WTO)
 - Decade Trend of Import Expansion
 - Exports Remain Steady (ERS)

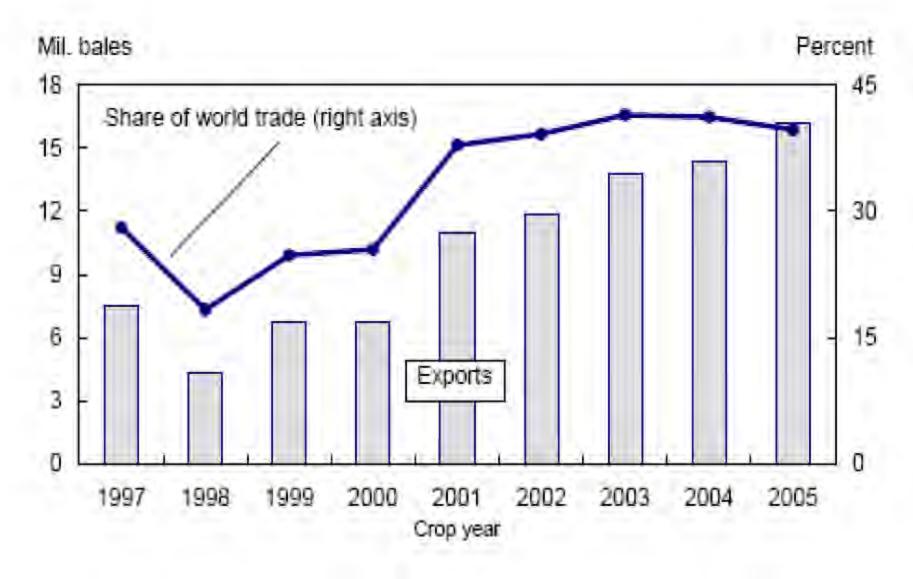
- Leading Cotton Exporter
 - 41.82% of world cotton exports, 2003 (NCC)
 - Cotton Exports Increased
 - DomesticConsumptionDeclined (ERS)

U.S. Cotton Textile Trade

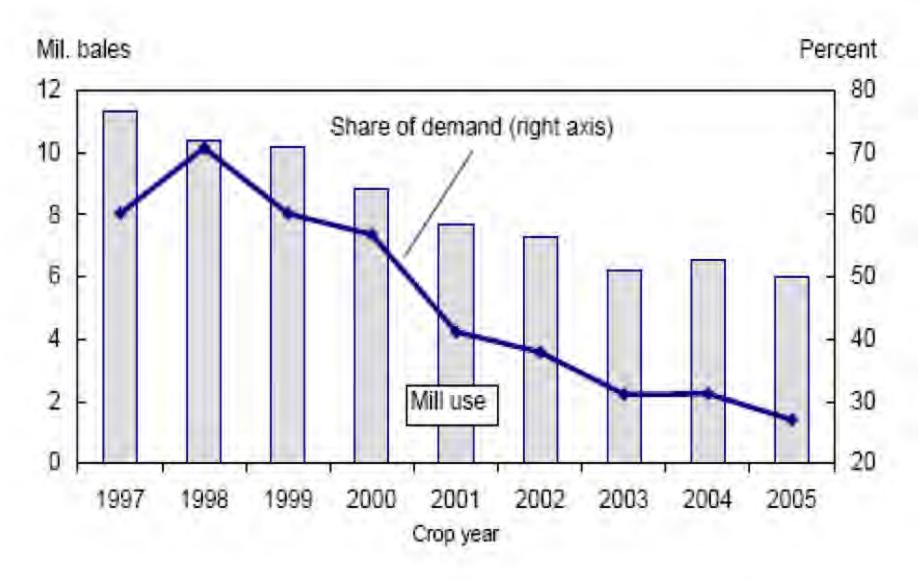
Mil. bale equivalents



U.S. Cotton Exports & Share of World Trade



U.S. Cotton Mill Use



People's Republic of China

- Largest textile exporter to the U.S. under MFA
 - 19.62% of U.S. textile/apparel imports, 2003 (AMTAC)
- Third largest importer of U.S. cotton
 - 28% of U.S. cotton,2003 (FAS)

- Accession into the WTO
 - Textile: Quota-free access to the U.S. and EU market, but still with tariff
 - Cotton: Agree to reduce TRQ on cotton imports

U.S. Farm Program

- Direct Payment
 - Fixed
 - Decoupled from current production (ERS)
- Counter-Cyclical Payment

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CCP\ rate = Target\ price - (DP\ rate + max\{loan\ rate,\ price\})
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- Reduce revenue variability and risk
- Loan Deficiency Payment
 - Fixed
 - Directly coupled to current production
 - Incorporated in the simulation

Scenario 1:Removal of MFA quota

(.2396, .2416)
(.3513, .3524)
(0382,0374)
(2593,2591)
(1863,1855)
(2213,2194)
(.3455, .3454)
(.30, .3165)
(0169, .0028)
(.0043, .0201)
(0079, .0013)
(1281,1217)
(.1037, .1737)
(.0942, .1014)

Scenario 2:Removal of MFA, and 3% decrease in LDP

U.S. import demand for textiles	(.244, .2604)
U.S. import demand for apparel	(.3419, .3503)
U.S. domestic demand for textiles	(046,039)
U.S. domestic demand for apparel	(2607,2595)
U.S. import price of textiles	(1847,1786)
U.S. import price of apparel	(2175,2030)
China textiles export supply	(.344, .360)
China apparel export supply	(.332, .458)
U.S. cotton price	(.0243, .1794)
World adjusted cotton price	(.035, .156)
U.S. cotton supply	(019, .054)
U.S. demand for domestic cotton	(179,132)
China's demand for U.S. cotton	(.112, .651)
AO's demand for US cotton	(.057, .104)

Scenarios 3: Removal of MFA, 5% increase in foreign cotton supply

U.S. import demand for textiles	(.234, .2405)
U.S. import demand for apparel	(.3538, .354)
U.S. domestic demand for textiles	(0376,0374)
U.S. domestic demand for apparel	(2602,26)
U.S. import price of textiles	(1868,1866)
U.S. import price of apparel	(2223,2219)
China textiles export supply	(.3682, .3704)
China apparel export supply	(.2807, .2831)
U.S. cotton price	(0186,014)
World adjusted cotton price	(0143,012)
U.S. cotton supply	(044,0332)
U.S. demand for domestic cotton	(1311,1248)
China's demand for U.S. cotton	(.0003, .0597)
AO's demand for US cotton	(.0461, .0493)

Scenario 4: Removal of MFA, 3 % decrease in LDP & 5% increase in foreign cotton supply

U.S. import demand for textiles	(.2413, .2416)
U.S. import demand for apparel	(.3535, .3537)
U.S. domestic demand for textiles	(038,0379)
U.S. domestic demand for apparel	(2605,2604)
U.S. import price of textiles	(1865,1863)
U.S. import price of apparel	(2215,2212)
China textiles export supply	(.3736, .3748)
China apparel export supply	(.286, .2874)
U.S. cotton price	(0073,0048)
World adjusted cotton price	(0092,0078)
U.S. cotton supply	(0473,0413)
U.S. demand for domestic cotton	(133,1305)
China's demand for U.S. cotton	(.0099, .0442)
AO's demand for US cotton	(.0315, .0361)

Conclusions – Textile & Apparel Market

- The United States
 - Increase in import demand
 - Decrease in domestic demand
 - Decrease in import price

- China
 - Significant increase in export supply with different export mix of textile and apparel
 - Take a larger market share

Conclusions – Cotton Market

- Decrease in LDP rate affected future U.S. cotton price and adjusted world price
- Demand for cotton
 - U.S. Domestic demand continue falling
 - Increase in China and AO with different import mix depending on the presence of increase in foreign cotton supply
- U.S. cotton supply decreased slightly

More Conclusions

- U.S. cotton sector evolves from a primary supplier to its textile industry to a stronger exporting competitor in the global market
- Policy shock in textile market, MFA quota elimination, have significant impact on cotton (input) market
- Policy shock in cotton market, decrease in LDP rate, doesn't have explicit effect on textile market



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