

Economic Impacts of U.S. and Texas Agricultural Exports to Canada and Mexico CNAS Issue Brief 2017-01

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Introduction

The North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), negotiated between the United States, Canada and Mexico and initiated on January 1, 1994, has been extensively studied over the years. NAFTA was designed to expand the flow of goods, services, and investment throughout North America. NAFTA calls for the full phased elimination of import tariffs and the elimination or fullest possible reduction on nontariff trade barriers, such as import quotas, licensing schemes, and technical barriers to trade.

The United States is the world's largest exporter of agricultural and food products and those exports account for about 35 percent of U.S. farm income, up from 28 percent in 1996. U.S. Agricultural exports have increased from 46.2 billion in 1994 to \$134.9 billion in 2016, a 192 percent increase. During the same period, U.S. agricultural exports to Canada and Mexico grew from \$10 billion to \$38 billion, a 288 percent increase, making Canada and Mexico the second and third largest markets for U.S. agricultural exports (For detailed information on U.S. agricultural exports to Canada and Mexico, see Appendix 1). In terms of total trade, Canada and Mexico are the first and second agricultural trade partners for the United States with two-way trade values of \$41.8 billion and \$40.8 billon in 2016, respectively.

Canada and Mexico are important markets for Texas agricultural exports as well. In 2016, Texas exports to Mexico totaled \$833.5 million of which \$270.8 million were animal products and \$562.8 were plant products. The top four Texas agricultural exports to Mexico were beef and veal valued at \$141.7 million, cotton, \$125.4 million, sweeteners, \$64.5 million, and corn, \$62.4 million (Appendix 1). Texas agricultural exports to Canada totaled \$875.1 million of which \$222.6 million were animal products and \$652.6 were plant products. The top four Texas agricultural exports to Canada were other horticultural products, \$230.3 million, followed by beef and veal, processed grain products, and food preparations \$110.2 million, \$77.6 million, and \$77.3 million, respectively.

Economic Impact

The economic impacts U.S. and Texas agricultural exports to Canada and Mexico were estimated using IMPLAN, an economic input/output model. Economic multipliers for each sector of the economy were used to estimate how agricultural export sales affects business activity, income and employment in other sectors of the economy that supply inputs and services to the agricultural industry.

IMPLAN estimates indicate that the total business activity supporting U.S. agricultural exports to Canada and Mexico was \$107.8 billion in 2016 (Table 1). This includes direct output, or exports, of \$38.1 billion, and another \$69.8 billion of output in support of these exports. Of these supporting sectors, \$41.7 billion of output is for inputs required to support the exports, including other agricultural sectors, transportation, wholesale, business services, real estate, and financial services. An additional \$28 billion in induced output is generated by household and related expenditures of income in sectors such as financial services, real estate, and business services as well as health care, retail trade, and eating and drinking places. U.S. agricultural exports to Canada and Mexico employs directly or indirectly 509,332 people. Employment used to produce U.S. agricultural products to be exported to Canada and Mexico is estimated to be 144,726 jobs. The balance of employment, or 464,606 jobs, is located in other sectors including other agriculture, 84,351 jobs; business services, 32,193 jobs; healthcare, 25,626 jobs; eating and drinking places, 24,314; Transportation, 19,035 jobs. The remaining jobs are spread among numerous sectors.

Moreover, IMPLAN estimates indicate that the total business activity supporting Texas agricultural exports to Canada and Mexico was \$3.3 billion in 2016 (Table 1). This includes exports of \$1.7 billion and supporting economic output of \$1.6 billion. Of these supporting sectors, \$1.1 billion of output is for inputs required to support the exports and an additional \$523 million in induced output is generated by household and related expenditures of income. Sectors supporting Texas exports to Mexico and Canada are similar to the sectors supporting U.S. exports to Mexico and Canada. Texas agricultural exports to Canada and Mexico employs directly or indirectly 18,674 people. Employment used to produce Texas agricultural products to be exported to Canada and Mexico is estimated to be 7,554 jobs. The balance of employment, or 11,120 jobs, is located in other sectors such as other agriculture, 4,671 jobs; business services, 729 jobs; transportation, 593 jobs; eating and drinking places, 609; healthcare, 599 jobs.

Table 1. Estimates Impacts of 2016 U.S. and Texas Agricultural Exports to Canada and Mexico

| Estimated Impacts of 2016 US Exports to Canada | | | Estimated Impacts of 2016 TX Exports to Canada | | |
|--|------------|------------|--|------------|------------|
| | | | | | |
| ImpactType | Output | Employment | ImpactType | Output | Employment |
| | Million \$ | Jobs | | Million \$ | Jobs |
| Direct Effect | \$20,242 | 92,160 | Direct Effect | \$875 | 4,301 |
| Indirect Effect | \$19,336 | 89,219 | Indirect Effect | \$492 | 3,276 |
| Induced Effect | \$15,340 | 92,151 | Induced Effect | \$274 | 1,824 |
| Total Effect | \$54,918 | 273,530 | Total Effect | \$1,641 | 9,401 |
| Estimated Impacts of 2016 US Exports to Mexico | | | Estimated Impacts of 2016 TX Exports to Mexico | | |
| ImpactType | Output | Employment | ImpactType | Output | Employment |
| | Million \$ | Jobs | 1 21 | Million \$ | Jobs |
| Direct Effect | \$17,850 | 52,566 | Direct Effect | \$834 | 3,253 |
| Indirect Effect | \$22,387 | 107,150 | Indirect Effect | \$608 | 4,359 |
| Induced Effect | \$12,664 | 76,086 | Induced Effect | \$249 | 1,660 |
| Total Effect | \$52,901 | 235,801 | Total Effect | \$1,691 | 9,272 |
| Estimated Impacts of 2016 US Exports to NAFTA | | | Estimated Impacts of 2016 TX Exports to NAFTA | | |
| ImpactType | Output | Employment | ImpactType | Output | Employment |
| | Million \$ | Jobs | | Million \$ | Jobs |
| Direct Effect | \$38,092 | 144,726 | Direct Effect | \$1,709 | 7,554 |
| Indirect Effect | \$41,723 | 196,368 | Indirect Effect | \$1,101 | 7,635 |
| Induced Effect | \$28,004 | 168,238 | Induced Effect | \$523 | 3,485 |
| Total Effect | \$107,819 | 509,332 | Total Effect | \$3,332 | 18,674 |

Summary

Agricultural exports to Canada and Mexico are very important for the United States and Texas. Total economic activity for U.S. agricultural exports to Canada and Mexico were \$107.8 billion in 2016 accounting for a total of 509,332 jobs. Total economic activity for Texas agricultural exports to Canada and Mexico were over \$3.3 billion and supporting 18,674 jobs.

For further information, please contact Luis Ribera, Extension Economist and Director, Center for North American Studies, Department of Agricultural Economics, Texas A&M University, College Station, Texas 77843-2124. Telephone: 979-845-3070; e-mail: lribera@tamu.edu. Contributing to this report were Flynn Adcock, International Program Coordinator, and Dan Hanselka, Extension Associate.

| | US Exports to | US Exports to | TX Exports to | TX Exports to |
|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Canada - \$1,000 | Mexico - \$1,000 | Canada - \$1,000 | Mexico - \$1,000 |
| | | | | |
| Beef and veal | \$758,117 | \$974,913 | \$110,154 | \$141,655 |
| Pork | \$793,378 | \$1,327,619 | \$8,568 | \$14,338 |
| Hides and skins | \$148,987 | \$153,202 | \$17,402 | \$17,894 |
| Other livestock products 1/ | \$460,009 | \$555,405 | \$23,644 | \$28,54 |
| Milk manufacturing | \$500,000 | \$131,022 | \$25,450 | \$6,669 |
| Butter | \$39,939 | \$6,923 | \$2,033 | \$352 |
| Dry milk | \$89,412 | \$629,131 | \$4,551 | \$32,02 |
| Cheese | \$66,991 | \$362,174 | \$3,410 | \$18,43 |
| Ice cream | \$10,708 | \$100,000 | \$545 | \$5,09 |
| Broiler meat | \$345,369 | \$519,712 | \$24,418 | \$36,744 |
| Other poultry products 2/ | \$316,776 | \$610,977 | \$12,924 | \$24,92 |
| Vegetables, fresh | \$1,801,171 | \$270,967 | \$28,639 | \$4,30 |
| Vegetables, processed | \$1,239,558 | \$381,329 | \$19,709 | \$6,063 |
| Fruits, fresh | \$1,615,992 | \$510,233 | \$11,474 | \$3,62 |
| Fruits, processed | \$479,520 | \$103,407 | \$3,405 | \$73 |
| Tree nuts | \$816,454 | \$351,973 | \$7,838 | \$3,37 |
| Rice | \$148,530 | \$271,429 | \$6,951 | \$12,70 |
| Wheat | \$17,899 | \$611,448 | \$863 | \$29,47 |
| Corn | \$144,996 | \$2,578,268 | \$3,509 | \$62,39 |
| Sorghum | \$1,375 | \$119,843 | \$331 | \$28,82 |
| Feeds and other feed grains 3/ | \$116,677 | \$266,951 | \$1,167 | \$2,67 |
| Grain products, processed | \$2,068,316 | \$955,853 | \$77,562 | \$35,84 |
| Soybeans | \$115,869 | \$1,462,600 | \$104 | \$1,31 |
| Soybean meal | \$280,865 | \$800,501 | \$253 | \$72 |
| Vegetable oils | \$546,254 | \$528,802 | \$2,786 | \$2,69 |
| Other oilseeds and products 4/ | \$344,242 | \$214,235 | \$24,441 | \$15,21 |
| Cotton | \$579 | \$339,494 | \$214 | \$125,37 |
| Food preps | \$1,189,844 | \$647,589 | \$77,340 | \$42,09 |
| Beverages excl beer/wine | \$660,786 | \$119,130 | \$42,951 | \$7,74 |
| Beer | \$151,030 | \$160,812 | \$9,817 | \$10,45 |
| Wine | \$393,075 | \$16,936 | \$25,550 | \$1,10 |
| Sweeteners | \$550,631 | \$992,249 | \$35,791 | \$64,49 |
| Seeds, field/garden | \$287,773 | \$298,969 | \$18,705 | \$19,43 |
| Nursery & greenhouse | \$189,671 | \$60,544 | \$12,329 | \$3,93 |
| Tobacco | \$8,446 | \$72,573 | \$0 | \$ |
| Other horticultural products | \$3,543,018 | \$342,619 | \$230,296 | \$22,27 |
| Total agricultural exports | \$20,242,257 | \$17,849,832 | \$875,123 | \$833,53 |
| Total animal products | \$3,322,636 | \$4,272,850 | \$222,561 | \$270,77 |
| | i | | | |

Sources: GATS, FAS/USDA; State Shares of Exports, ERS/USDA; Quickstats, NASS/USDA.

\$16,919,621

Total plant products

\$13,576,982

\$652,561

\$562,757

^{1/} Includes other nonpoultry meats, animal fat, live farm animals, and other animal parts.

^{2/} Includes turkey meat, eggs, and other fowl products.

^{3/} Includes processed feeds, fodder, barley, oats, and rye.

^{4/} Includes peanuts (oilstock), other oil crops, corn meal, other oilcake and meal, protein substances, bran and residues.