

Texas A&M System

# Mapping Community Assets

Mapping Routes & Locations with the Web and

Handheld GPS Devices

4-H Roundup College Station, TX

June 2011





# **Mapping Assets**

"Asset mapping is a process of learning what resources are available in your community"<sup>3</sup>

- Welcome/ Introductions
- Participant Background
- What is GPS
- Why GPS & Asset Mapping
- Generating Ideas to Take Home
- Group Discussion



## Welcome

Asset mapping is based on understanding and inventorying community capital.

Theory and Technology Can Build on each other in fun and innovative ways...











- Home Town/ County
- What you know about GPS
- Why you wanted to attend this session
- Did you get any ideas in the opening session?



## What is GPS

Geographic Information

Location + Attribute

Where on Earth + What is occurring



## What is GPS

Geographic Data: Three Basic Elements

Point: House, Business, Park

Line: Trail, River, Roads

Area: Service Area, Community Boundary

Geographic Data: Can be georeferenced (geographically located)

Attribute Data: Can be linked to geographic data (speed limit, population)



## Coordinate System

- A way to reference locations on Earth
- Most Common: Longitude and Latitude
   Latitude is North/South –uses equator
   Longitude is East/West –Prime Meridian

North + (Maximum value 90 degrees North –North Pole)

South - (Maximum value ??)

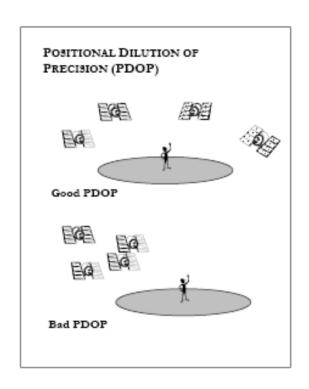
East + of Prime Meridian

West — of Prime Meridian Opposite Prime Meridian is the International Data Line~ maximum longitude~ 180 degrees





- Made capturing data easier
- "The Global Positioning System (GPS) is a satellite-based navigation system developed by the United States Department of Defense to provide a consistent and accurate method of determining location"
- Errors can still occur when collecting data

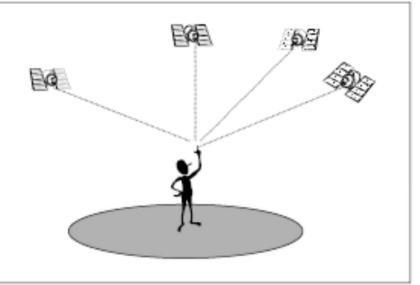




## **How GPS Works**

## HOW GPS WORKS

Once a GPS unit receives a signal from 4 satellites, it can use that signal to calculate a location in X (longitude), Y (latitude), and Z (elevation). The satellites' signals include time information, which the GPS unit uses to calculate distances. The GPS unit then finds its location using principles of geometry.







# Why GPS & Mapping Assets

Geographic Locations are often an important component of locating assets and potential synergies.

GPS activities can provide the spatial data needed.

GPS Data can be linked to Attribute Data.

GPS activities can provide a fun and innovative way to educate community members and identify synergies.





# **GPS Activities: Collecting Points With Handheld Devices**

- Why Collect Points/ What Points to Collect?
  - Households
  - Trees
  - Landmarks
- Steps to Take/Consider
  - Equipment
  - Project Coordinator
  - Volunteers/ Training
  - Naming Protocol
  - Forms
  - Processing/ Mapping Data





# **GPS Activities: Collecting Points With Handheld Devices**

- Steps to Take/Consider
  - Equipment
    - Handheld
    - Or Phone





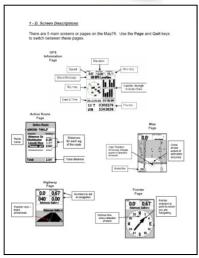


# **GPS Activities: Collecting Points With Handheld Devices**

- Steps to Take/Consider
  - Equipment
    - Handheld
      - » GPS Units- preferably all the same
      - » Plan for what data you want to capture
      - » GPS/PC Connector Cables
      - » Plan/Knowledge of what to map
      - » Manual
      - » Batteries
      - » Software
      - » Survey Form

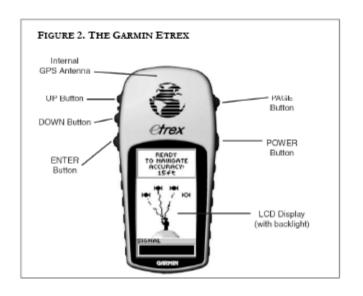


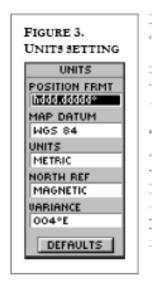


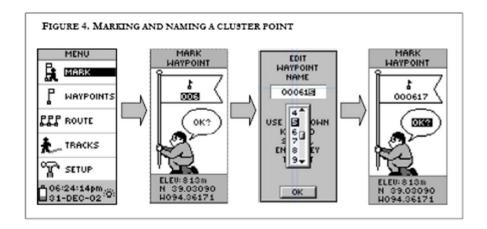




# **Capturing Points**







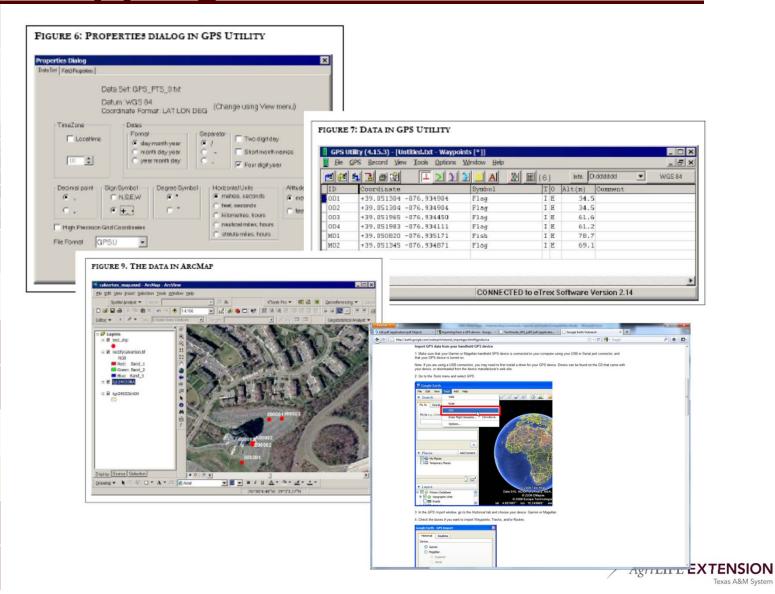


# **Survey Form**

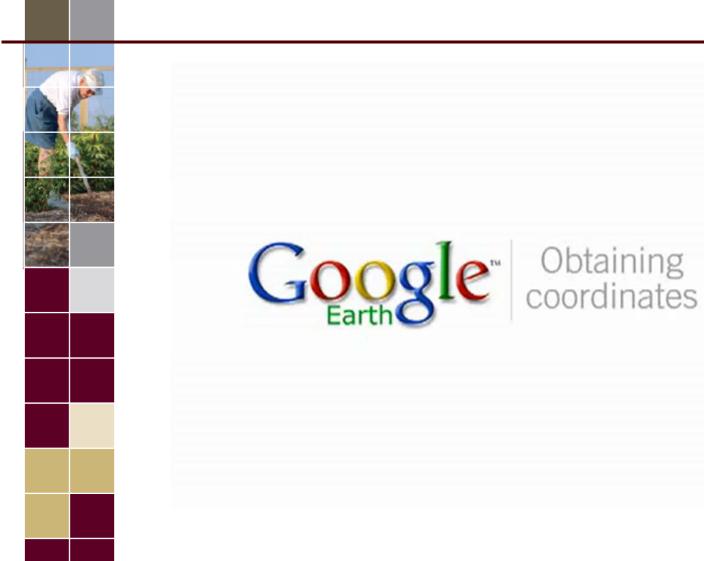
Place Name Day: Month: Year: Date: Volunteer: Code: Waypoint ID (from GPS Unit Altitude Meters Latitude Longitude (You enter here)



## **Mapping Data**









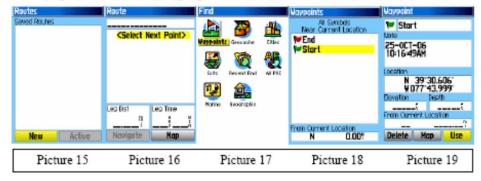
## Routes



## PROJECT B: Routes

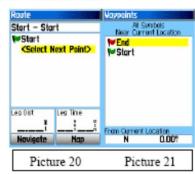
Use the Routes feature to obtain directions between waypoints you created.

- Press MENU twice to return to the main menu page. Use the rocker button to highlight Routes and press ENTER. Highlight NEW on the bottom of the screen and press ENTER (picture 15). Press ENTER to "Select Next Point" (picture 16).
- On the next screen, highlight the Waypoints icon and press ENTER (picture 17). Using the rocker, highlight the waypoint marking your starting position (Start waypoint) and press ENTER (picture 18). On the Waypoint page that popped up, highlight Use and press ENTER (picture 19).



Now your starting waypoint should be listed on the Route screen.

- Again, highlight Select Next Point and press ENTER (picture 20). Highlight the Waypoints icon and press ENTER.
- Now highlight the End waypoint, and press ENTER (picture 21). Highlight Use in the lower right hand corner of the screen and press ENTER.

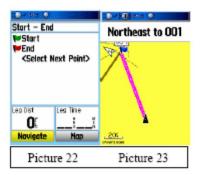


Now your two waypoints should be listed in the Routes page.

## Routes



Highlight Navigate and press ENTER (picture 22). The map screen will appear, showing your current location marked by a black arrow (picture 23). The top of the screen will instruct you which direction to travel. Refer to the North cardinal arrow to help orient yourself.



Follow the on-screen instructions, moving toward your destination. When you get within about 30 feet of the End waypoint, the unit will beep and read "Arriving at End."

When you are finished navigating, be sure to *turn off navigation*. If navigation is left on, you may have trouble using other functions of the GPS unit. Turning navigation off can be done several ways.

- From the compass screen, press MENU. Select Stop Navigation and press ENTER (picture 24).
- From the map screen, press MENU. Select Stop Navigation and press ENTER (picture 25).
- From the routes screen, highlight Stop and press ENTER (picture 26).

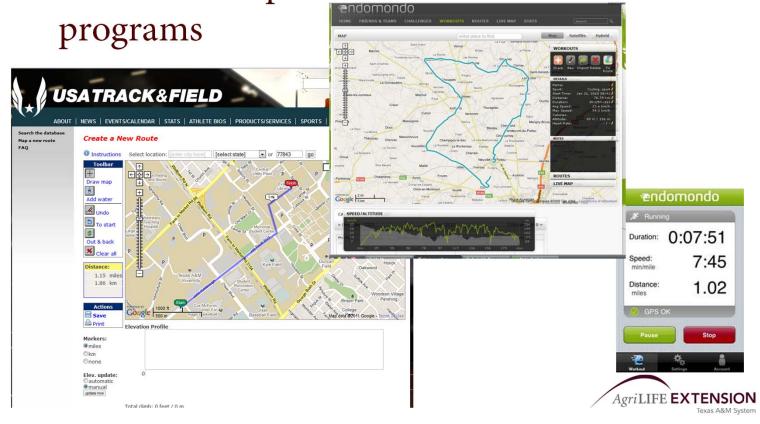


<u>Application</u> – You can enter waypoints in a GPS unit and give it to coworkers, buyers, etc. to find their way to an access point or a corner of a timber sale. The waypoints for property corners or timber sale boundaries can be entered into a route so people can navigate around the perimeter.



Great for measuring and sharing within
 App

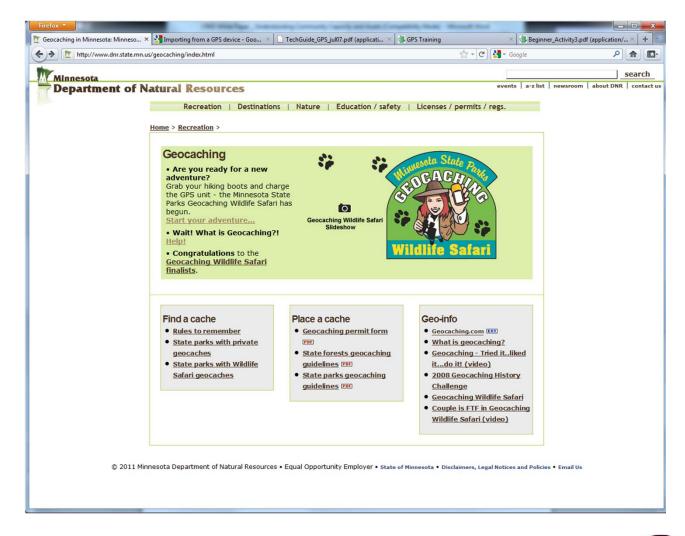
• Difficult to export and use with other



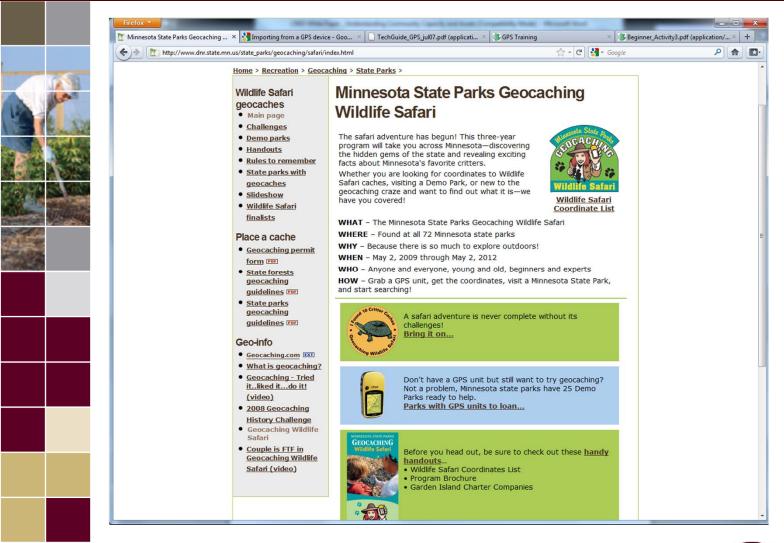


- A Technology Based Treasure Hunt
  - Find geocaches (hidden containers) using GPS units and coordinates.
  - Create your own Treasure Hunts...

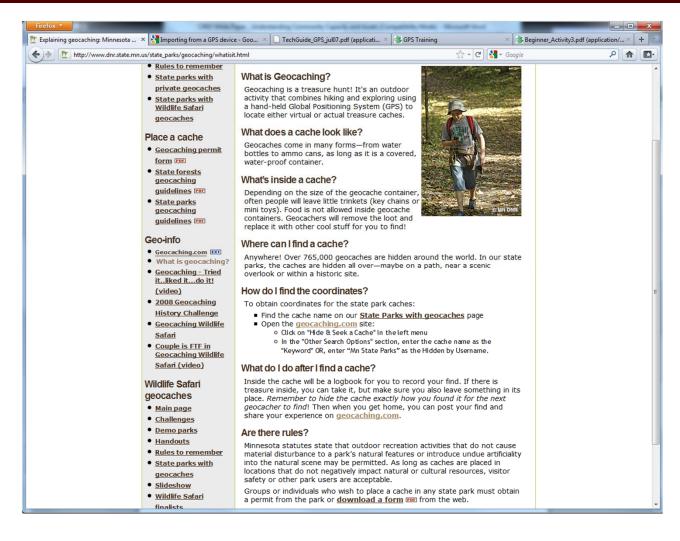




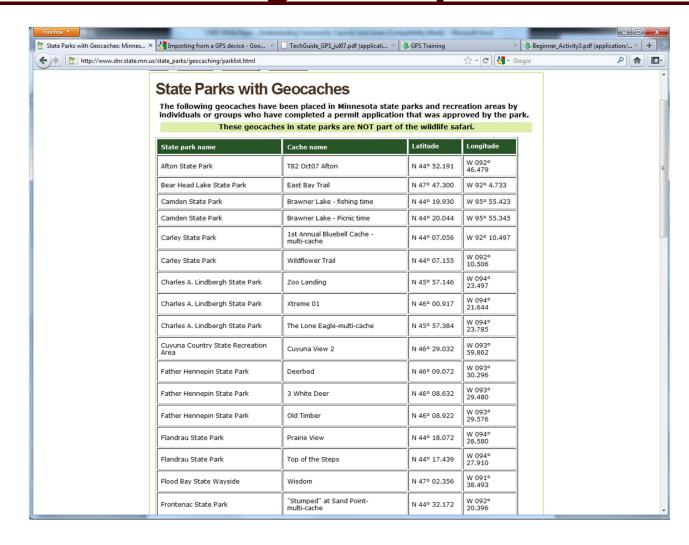














# **Questions?**





#### Slide Images

http://www.google.com/imgres?imgurl=http://freegeographytools.com/wp-content/uploads/2008/01/51p6748zlzl.-ss500-.jpg&imgrefurl=http://freegeographytools.com/2008/improving-position-measurement-accuracy-in-consumer-grade-gps-receivers-part-i&usg=\_\_yjKF7bHKXdZQNc4jpG512w7Q24M=&h=500&w=500&sz=43&hl=en&start=0&zoom=1&tbnid=gAd-

4ocSnSjl3M:&tbnh=143&tbnw=143&ei=Q5X2TbeRIs-

WtwfG7tSYBw&prev=/search%3Fq%3Dgps%2Bunits%26hl%3Den%26sa%3DX%26biw%3D1262%26bih%3D889%26tbm%3Disch%26prmd%3Divns&itbs=1&iact=rc&dur=753&page=1&ndsp=25&ved=1t:429,r:11,s:0&tx=83&ty=57&biw=1262&bih=889

http://www.google.com/imgres?imgurl=http://hikinglady.com/wp-content/uploads/2009/12/Outdoor-GPS-Unit1.jpg&imgrefurl=http://hikinglady.com/the-gear/gps-left-gear-gps-left-gear-gps-le

WtwfG7tSYBw&prev=/search%3Fq%3Dgps%2Bunits%26hl%3Den%26sa%3DX%26biw%3D1262%26bih%3D889%26tbm%3Disch%26prmd%3Divns&itbs=1&iact=rc&dur=342&page=1&ndsp=25&ved=1t:429,r:8,s:0&tx=59&ty=48&biw=1262&bih=889

### A Field Guide to Data Collection

http://www.rollbackmalaria.org/partnership/wg/wg\_monitoring/docs/mis2005/cd1.pdf

#### Importing g Your Data

http://earth.google.com/support/bin/static.py?page=guide.cs&guide=22373&topic=22374

### Tech Guide- Collecting and Working With GPS Data

 $ftp://ftp-fc.sc.egov.usda.gov/MD/web\_documents/technical/soils/gps/TechGuide\_GPS\_jul07.pdf$ 

### Import GPS data from your handheld GPS device

http://earth.google.com/outreach/tutorial\_importgps.html#gpsdevice

### **University of Maryland Extension GPS Training**

http://www.naturalresources.umd.edu/EducationalGPS.html

### **Routes On Line**

Usatf.org

Endomondo.com

### **Explaining geocaching**

http://www.dnr.state.mn.us/state\_parks/geocaching/whatisit.html

