

# Wheat Marketing and Risk Management

Wheatheart Wheat Conference

Perryton, Texas August 13, 2009

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Grain Marketing Economist



#### **Market Drivers**

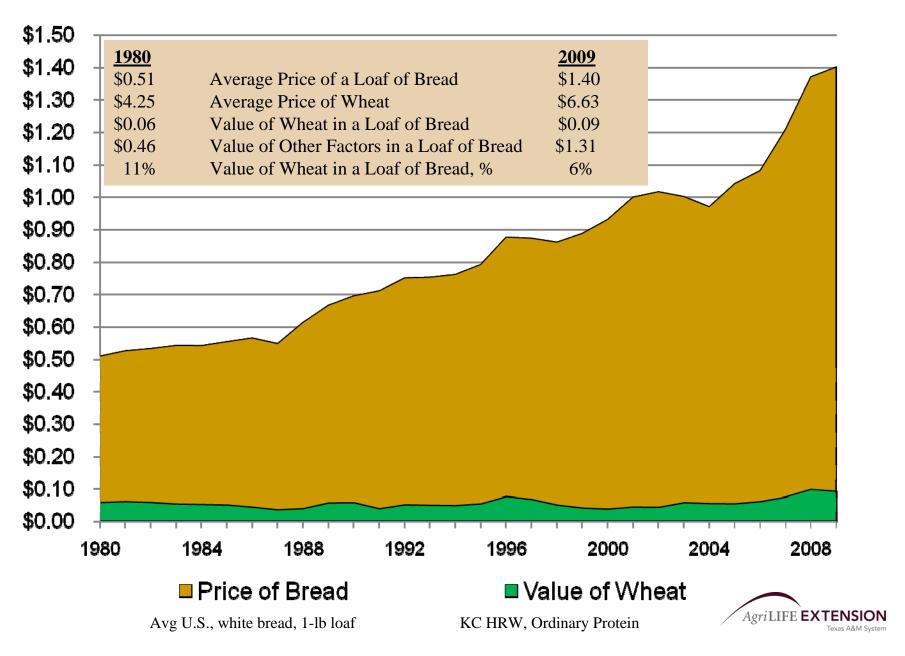


- Economy FE
- Demand FAR
  - Exports
  - Feed
  - Food
- Supply Adequate
  - Export Competition
  - Planted Acres
  - Weather

"Without the runaway demand growth of ethanol, many of the recent stories need to be rewritten in short order."

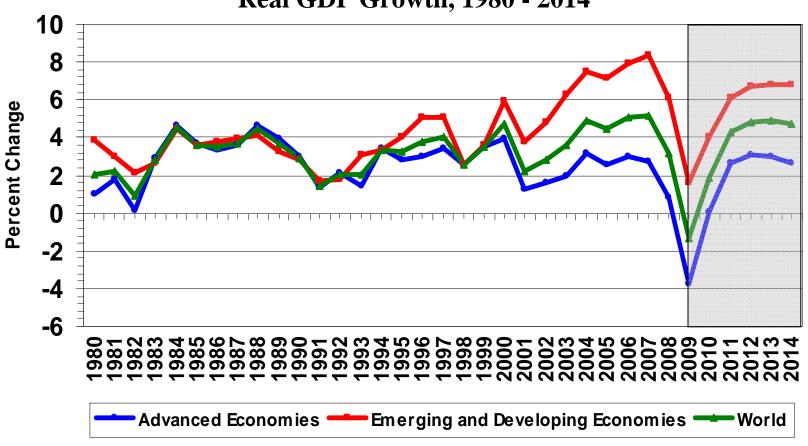


#### Value of Wheat in a Loaf of Bread



#### **Global Economic Growth**

Global economic growth is being driven by developing nations. Real GDP Growth, 1980 - 2014

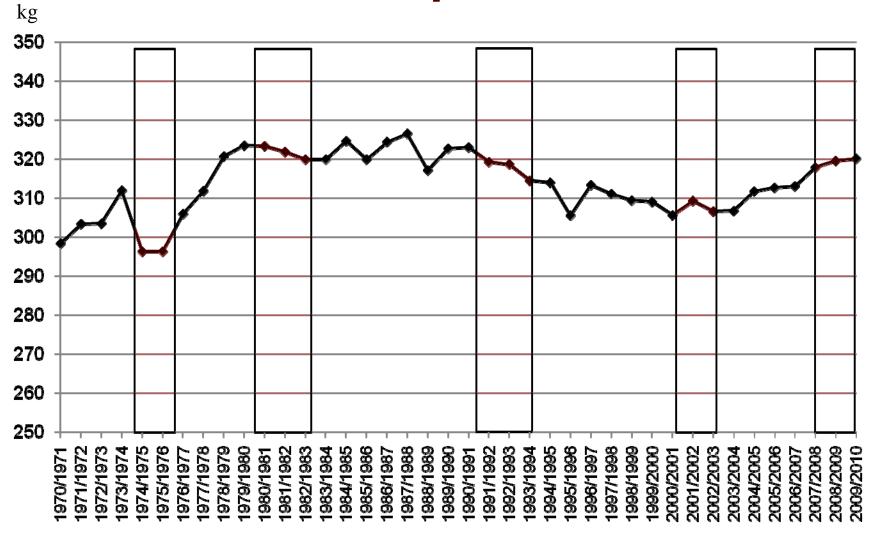


As of April 2009

Source: http://www.imf.org/external/datamapper/index.php; 2009-2014 projections

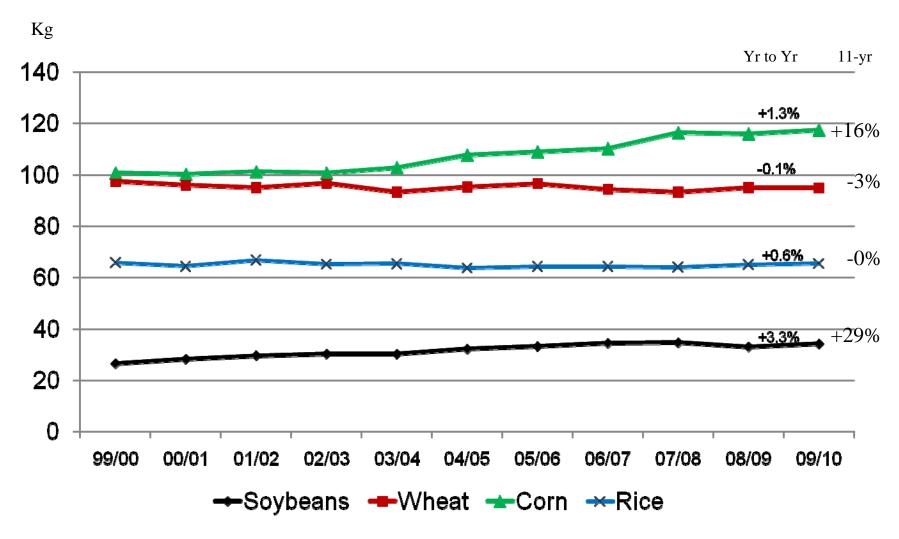


### World Per Capita Grain Use





#### **World Per Capita Consumption**

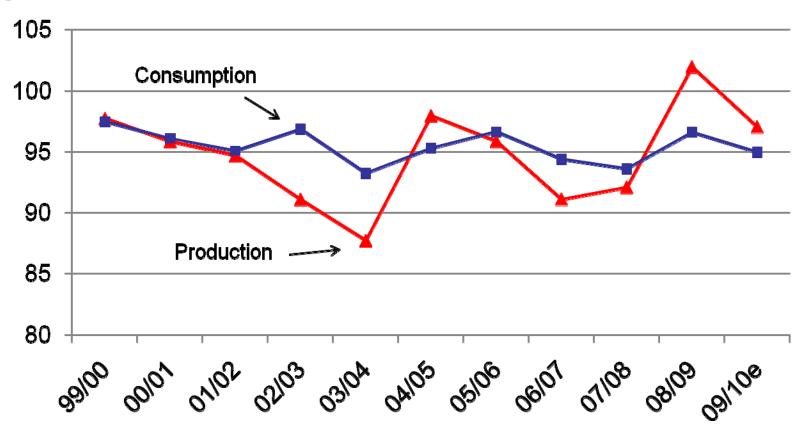


Updated 7/10/09

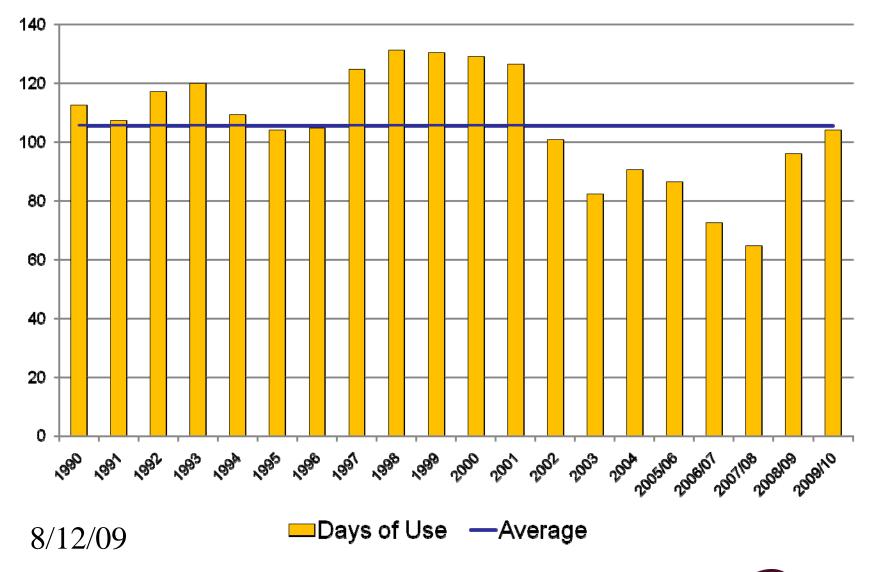


# **Annual World Per Capita Wheat Production and Consumption**

Kg/person



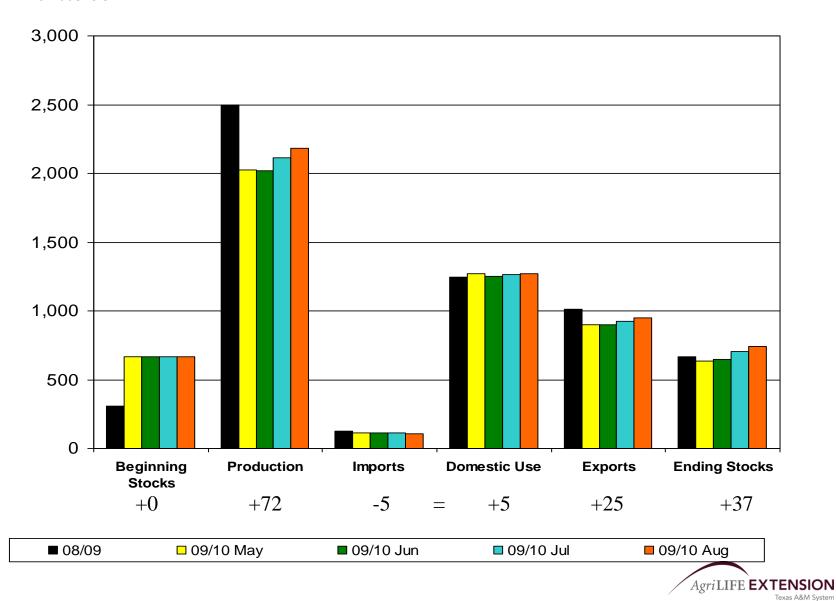
#### World Wheat: Days of Use on Hand





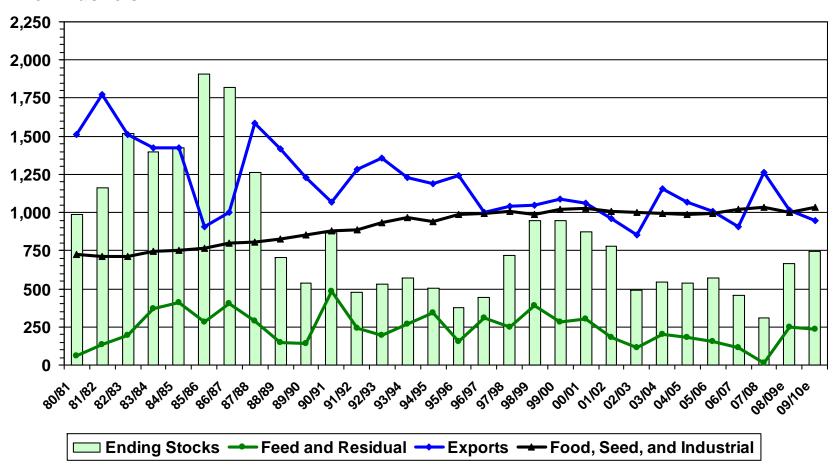
#### U.S. Wheat Supply and Demand, 8/12/09

million bushels



#### **U.S. Wheat Use**

#### **Million Bushels**



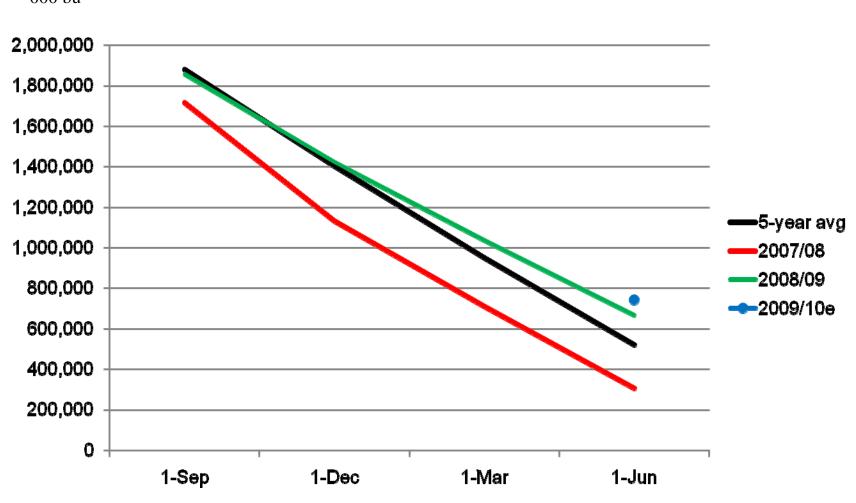
Source: USDA/ERS, WASDE, USDA, 2009/10 estimated

**Updated 8/12/2009** 



#### **U.S. Wheat Stocks**

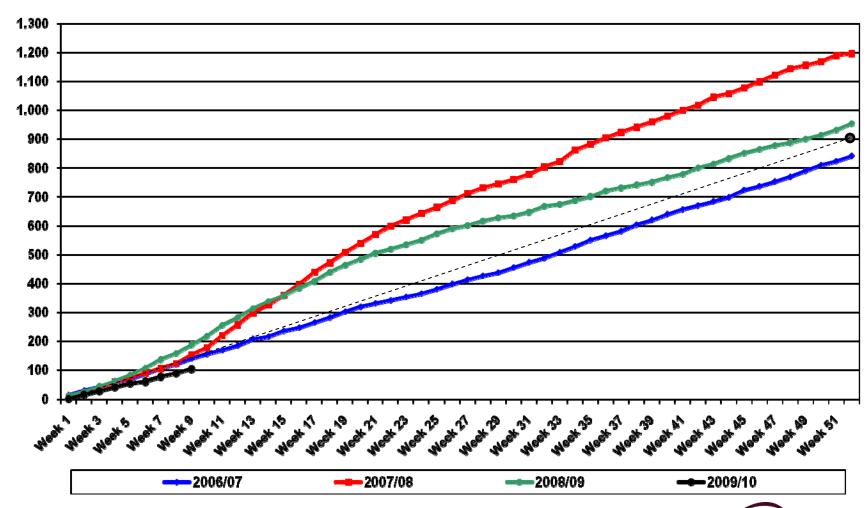
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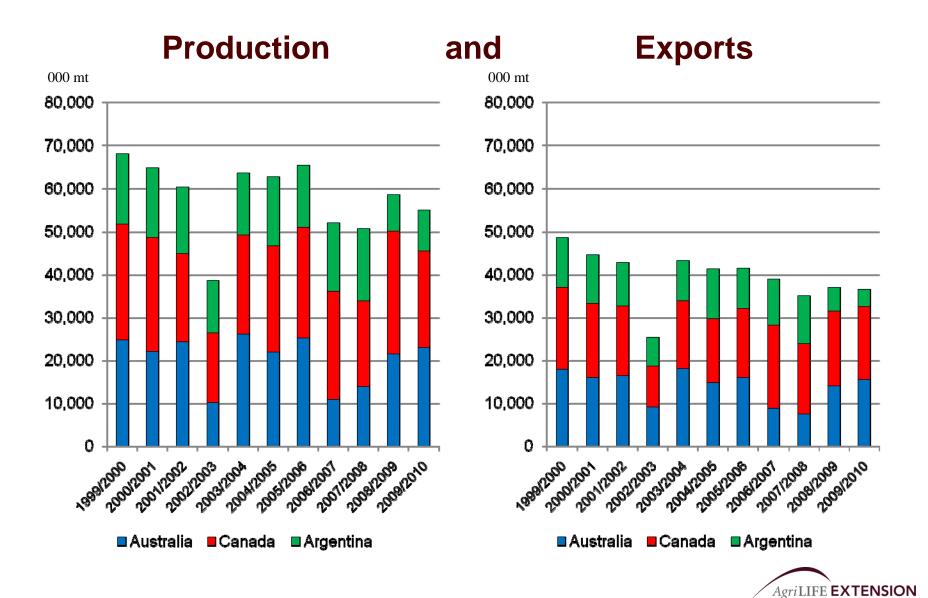
#### **U.S. All Wheat Exports, MY to Date**

million bushels

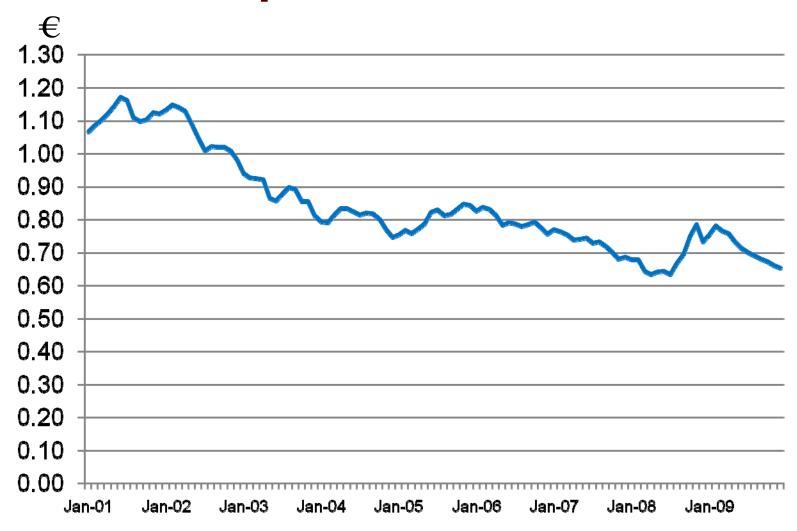




#### **Major High Quality Wheat Competitors**

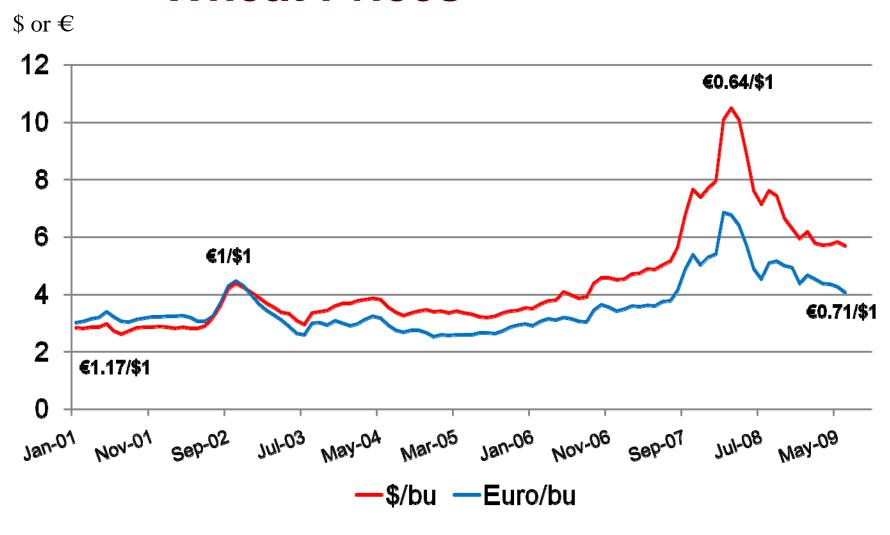


# Euros per \$US





#### **Wheat Prices**







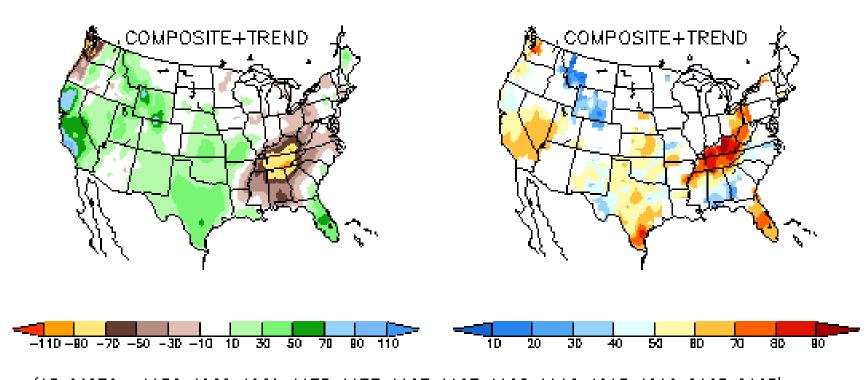
# **ENSO Alert System Status: El Niño Advisory**

Synopsis: El Niño conditions will continue to develop and are expected to last through the Northern Hemisphere Winter 2009-2010.

During June 2009, conditions across the equatorial Pacific Ocean transitioned from ENSO-neutral to El Niño conditions. Sea surface temperature (SST) anomalies continued to increase, with the latest weekly departures exceeding +1.0°C along a narrow band in the eastern equatorial Pacific (Fig. 1). All of the weekly SST indices increased steadily during June and now range from +0.6°C to +0.9°C (Fig. 2).



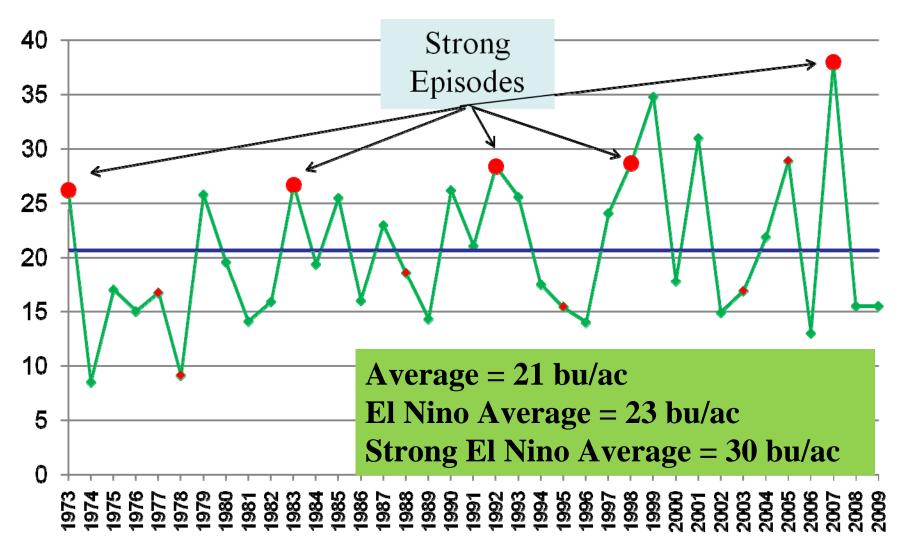
# JFM Precipitation Anomalies (mm) and Frequency (%)



(13 CASES: 1958 1966 1969 1973 1977 1983 1987 1988 1992 1995 1998 2003 2005)

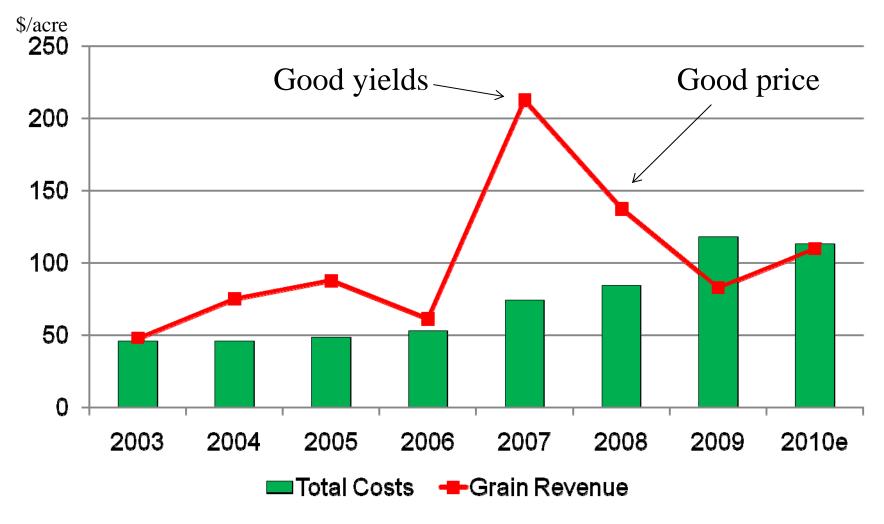


#### Northern High Plains Dryland Wheat Yields





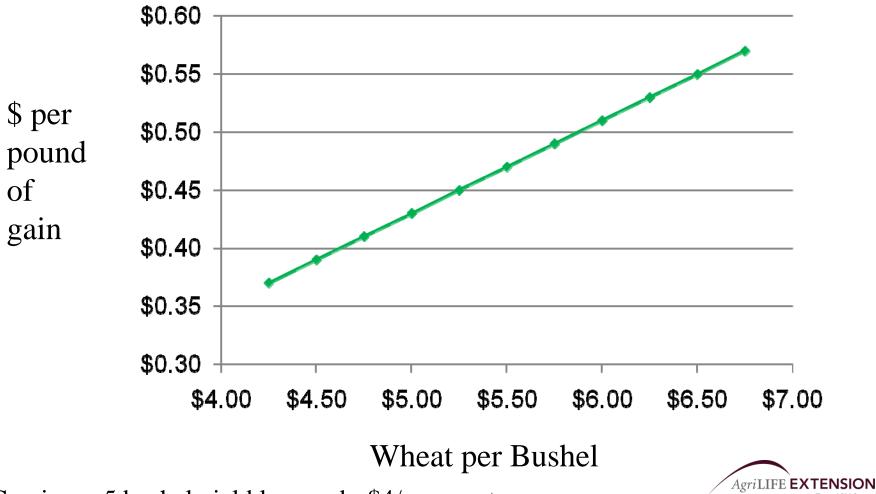
#### Wheat Variable Costs and Grain Revenue



2010 crop: 20 bushel yield, \$5.45 BE (about \$6.10 on the board)

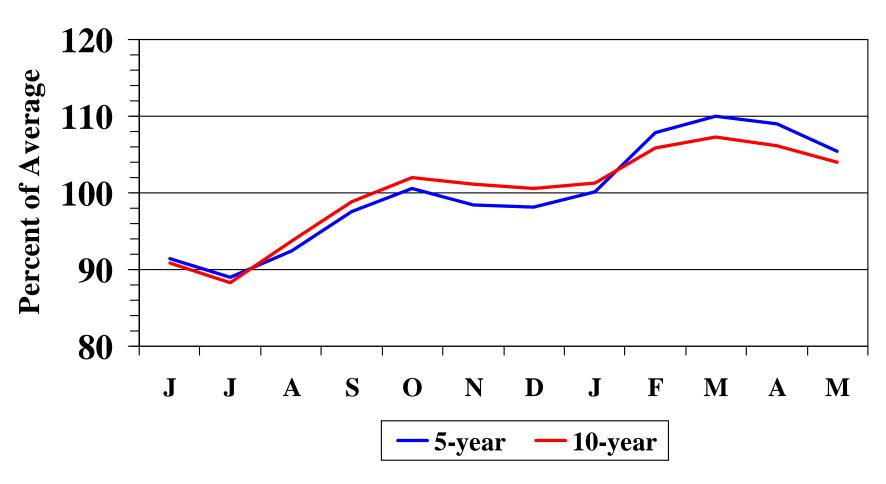


# Grazing Rate to Break Even with Grain Production

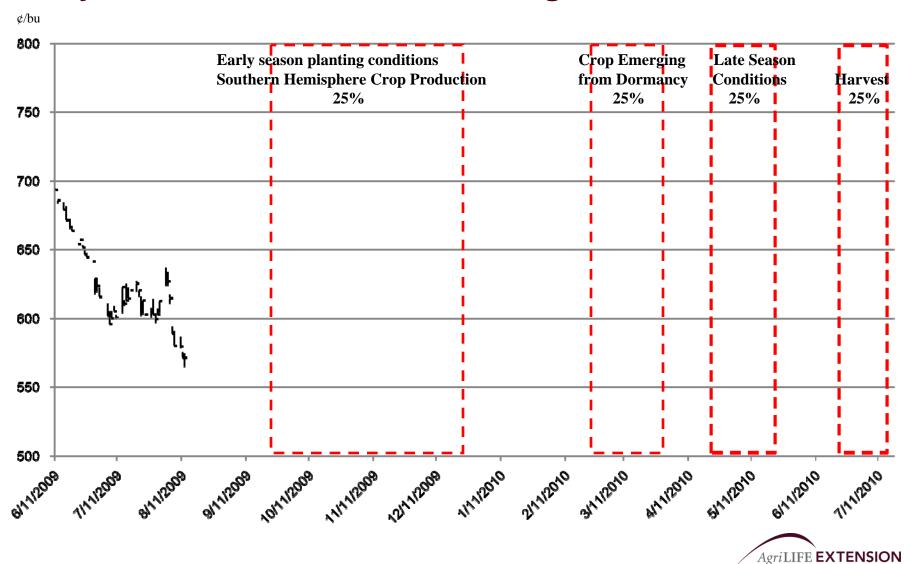


Grazing = 5 bushel yield loss and +\$4/acre costs

#### **Seasonal Price Index for U.S. Wheat** June 1999 – May 2009 Marketing Year



#### July 2010 KC Wheat and Marketing Plan



Texas A&M System

### **Marketing Philosophies**



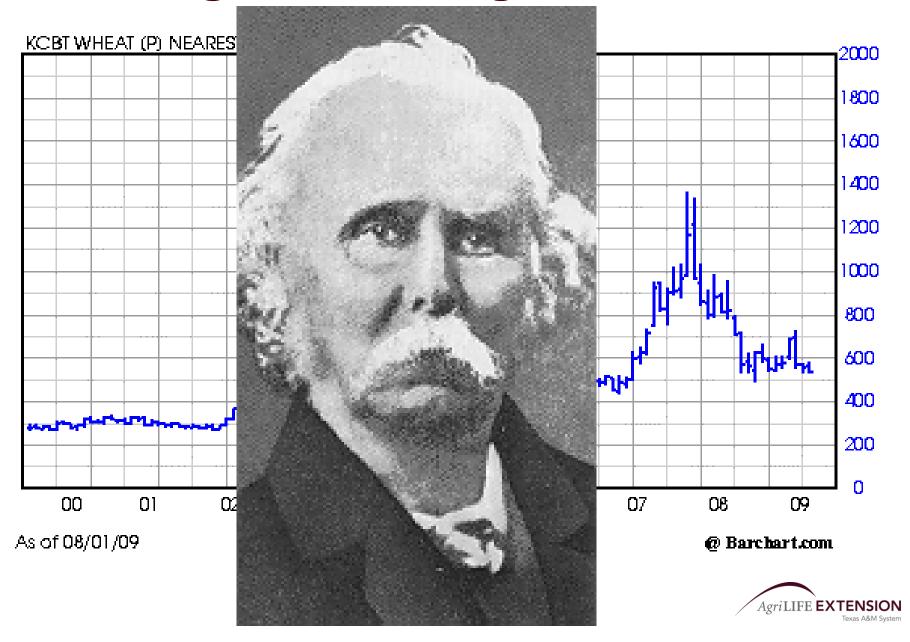
Henri-Frédéric Amiel

 Ready, Aim, Aim, Aim, Aim, Aim, ......

 Ready, Fire, Aim!



# How high? How long?



### **Outlook Reports Available**

#### Feed Grain Market Outlook

January 23, 2009 Volume 18, Number 5



Improving Lives. Improving Texas.

#### Market Situation

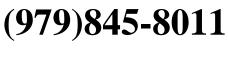
The fundamental surprise in USDA's January 12<sup>th</sup> Supply and Demand report was the increase in ending stock estimates for corn, sorghum, soybeans, and wheat. This increased level of carryover eased supply concerns for at least the short term. The feed grain and oilseed markets also found a respite from the much anticipated battle for acres between corn and soybeans in the Wheat Seedings report. Sown areas of winter wh

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Agricultural Secretariat in Argentina has reported that soybean area now stands at 16.5 million hectares (41 million acres), down from last month's estimate of 17.8 million hectares (44 million acres), a reduction of 1.3 million hectares (3.2 million acres).

In January, USDA estimated Argentine corn production at 20.85 mmt and soybean production at 50.5 mmt. Private estimates of the corn crop are now about 15 mmt and 45.5 mmt for soybeans. Some rural associations in Argentina expect total soybean production to fall to 37 mmt if the severe drought conditions persist (see "Argentine Drought Considered the Worst in 100 Years", available online at <a href="https://www.soyatech.com">www.soyatech.com</a>).

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http://agecoext.tamu.edu/index.html